## **CHOOSE** ANNUALS & PERENNIALS

THAT ATTRACT POLLINATORS



Globe Thistle



Cornflower



Lobelia



Garden Hyssop



Blue Salvia



**Allium** 



Sage / Salvia



Grape Hyacinth\*



Crocus\*



**Calliopsis** 



**Iberis** 



**Anise Hyssop** 



Aster



Cosmos



**Creeping Thyme** 



Sedum







Bee Balm



Lantana



Ground phlox



**Echinacea** 



Zinnia



**Purple Rock Cress** 



**Nasturtium** 



Poppy



Coral Bells

**Dahlia** 



True Geranium





Marigold







Sunflower Nemesia





Forget-Me-Not



Snowdrop<sup>\*</sup>



**Tickseed** 





Denotes a bulb or a tuber















## HAVE YOU HEARD THE BUZZ?







## **DID You Know?**

Having diverse garden plants can help pollinators that face many threats including loss of food and habitat, pesticides, varroa mites and pathogens like nosema.

## Here's How You Can Help

- Plant fresh Ontario grown plants that are of high-quality.
- Attract pollinators to your gardens by planting purple, yellow and blue flowers with single blooms.
- Use plants with different blooming periods to stagger flowering which will attract pollinators throughout the growing season.
- Choose composts, natural fertilizers and Health Canada approved insecticidal soaps to control garden pests.
- Take care of your garden. Deadhead or prune plants as needed, to encourage new growth and a longer flowering season.
- Ensure your plants are in the right location by carefully reading plant tags, avoid over watering by using mulches, and try watering in the morning.
- Consider a water feature or bird bath that will provide pollinators with fresh water to survive.
- Remember, some plants like milkweed and dandelions can provide much needed food for pollinators - especially in the early spring months!

For more information on locally & sustainably grown flowers please visit: www.flowerscanadagrowers.com www.pickontario.ca

For more information on bees and pollinators please visit: www.uoguelph.ca/honeybee www.ontariobee.com