CHOOSE ANNUALS & PERENNIALS

THAT ATTRACT POLLINATORS



Globe Thistle



Cornflower



Lobelia



Garden Hyssop



Blue Salvia



Allium



Sage / Salvia



Grape Hyacinth*



Crocus*



Calliopsis



Iberis



Anise Hyssop



Aster



Cosmos



Creeping Thyme



Sedum



Hollyhock



Bee Balm



Lantana



Ground phlox



Echinacea



Zinnia



Purple Rock Cress



Nasturtium



Poppy



Coral Bells

Dahlia



True Geranium





Marigold







Evening Primrose

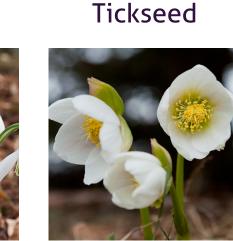


Forget-Me-Not



Goldenrod

Snowdrop^{*}











Denotes a bulb or a tuber













HAVE YOU HEARD THE BUZZ?







DID You Know?

Having diverse garden plants can help pollinators that face many threats including loss of food and habitat, pesticides, varroa mites and pathogens like nosema.

Here's How You Can Help

- Plant fresh Canada grown plants that are of high-quality.
- Attract pollinators to your gardens by planting purple, yellow and blue flowers with single blooms.
- Use plants with different blooming periods to stagger flowering which will attract pollinators throughout the growing season.
- Choose composts, natural fertilizers and Health Canada approved insecticidal soaps to control garden pests.
- Take care of your garden. Deadhead or prune plants as needed, to encourage new growth and a longer flowering season.
- Ensure your plants are in the right location by carefully reading plant tags, avoid over watering by using mulches, and try watering in the morning.
- Consider a water feature or bird bath that will provide pollinators with fresh water to survive.
- Remember, some plants like milkweed and dandelions can provide much needed food for pollinators - especially in the early spring months!

For more information on locally & sustainably grown flowers please visit: www.flowerscanadagrowers.com www.pickontario.ca

For more information on bees and pollinators please visit: www.uoguelph.ca/honeybee www.ontariobee.com